Union Calendar No.

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3070

[Report No. 109-]

To reauthorize the human space flight, aeronautics, and science programs of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 27, 2005

Mr. Calvert (for himself and Mr. Boehlert) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science

July --, 2005

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole
House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed
[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]
[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on June 27, 2005]

A BILL

- To reauthorize the human space flight, aeronautics, and science programs of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,



1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the "Na-
- 3 tional Aeronautics and Space Administration Authoriza-
- 4 tion Act of 2005".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—GENERAL PRINCIPLES AND REPORTS

- Sec. 101. Responsibilities, policies, and plans.
- Sec. 102. Reports.
- Sec. 103. Baselines and cost controls.
- Sec. 104. Prize authority.
- Sec. 105. Foreign launch vehicles.
- Sec. 106. Safety management.
- Sec. 107. Lessons learned and best practices.
- Sec. 108. Commercialization plan.
- Sec. 109. Study on the feasibility of use of ground source heat pumps.

TITLE II—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

- Sec. 201. Structure of budgetary accounts.
- Sec. 202. Fiscal year 2006.
- Sec. 203. Fiscal year 2007.
- Sec. 204. ISS research.
- Sec. 205. Test facilities.
- Sec. 206. Proportionality.
- Sec. 207. Limitations on authority.
- Sec. 208. Notice of reprogramming.
- Sec. 209. Cost overruns.
- Sec. 210. Official representational fund.
- Sec. 211. International Space Station cost cap.

TITLE III—SCIENCE

- Sec. 301. Performance assessments.
- Sec. 302. Status report on Hubble Space Telescope servicing mission.
- Sec. 303. Independent assessment of Landsat-NPOESS integrated mission.
- Sec. 304. Assessment of science mission extensions.
- Sec. 305. Microgravity research.
- Sec. 306. Coordination with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.



Subtitle B—Remote Sensing

- Sec. 311. Definitions.
- Sec. 312. Pilot projects to encourage public sector applications.
- Sec. 313. Program evaluation.
- Sec. 314. Data availability.
- Sec. 315. Education.

Subtitle C—George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey

Sec. 321. George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey.

TITLE IV—AERONAUTICS

Sec. 401. Definition.

Subtitle A—National Policy for Aeronautics Research and Development

Sec. 411. Policy.

Subtitle B—NASA Aeronautics Breakthrough Research Initiatives

- Sec. 421. Environmental aircraft research and development initiative.
- Sec. 422. Civil supersonic transport research and development initiative.
- Sec. 423. Rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles research and development initiative.

Subtitle C—Other NASA aeronautics research and development activities

- Sec. 431. Fundamental research and technology base program.
- Sec. 432. Airspace systems research.
- Sec. 433. Aviation safety and security research.
- Sec. 434. Zero-emissions aircraft research.
- Sec. 435. Mars aircraft research.
- Sec. 436. Hypersonics research.
- Sec. 437. NASA aeronautics scholarships.
- Sec. 438. Aviation weather research.
- Sec. 439. Assessment of wake turbulence research and development program.
- Sec. 440. University-based centers for research on aviation training.

TITLE V—HUMAN SPACE FLIGHT

- Sec. 501. International Space Station completion.
- Sec. 502. Human exploration priorities.
- Sec. 503. GAO assessment.

TITLE VI—OTHER PROGRAM AREAS

Subtitle A—Space and Flight Support

- Sec. 601. Orbital debris.
- Sec. 602. Secondary payload capability.

Subtitle B—Education

- Sec. 611. Institutions in NASA's minority institutions program.
- Sec. 612. Program to expand distance learning in rural underserved areas.
- Sec. 613. Charles "Pete" Conrad Astronomy Awards.
- Sec. 614. Review of education programs.



Sec. 615. Equal access to NASA's education programs.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 701. Retrocession of jurisdiction.
- Sec. 702. Extension of indemnification.
- Sec. 703. NASA scholarships.
- Sec. 704. Independent cost analysis.
- Sec. 705. Limitations on off-shore performance of contracts for the procurement of goods and services.

TITLE VIII—INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS

Sec. 801. Definitions.

Subtitle A—International Space Station Independent Safety Commission

- Sec. 811. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 812. Tasks of the Commission.
- Sec. 813. Sunset.

Subtitle B—Human Space Flight Independent Investigation Commission

- Sec. 821. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 822. Tasks of the Commission.

Subtitle C—Organization and Operation of Commissions

- Sec. 831. Composition of Commissions.
- Sec. 832. Powers of Commission.
- Sec. 833. Public meetings, information, and hearings.
- Sec. 834. Staff of Commission.
- Sec. 835. Compensation and travel expenses.
- Sec. 836. Security clearances for Commission members and staff.
- Sec. 837. Reporting requirements and termination.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 The Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) On January 14, 2004, the President unveiled
- 4 the Vision for Space Exploration to guide United
- 5 States policy on human space exploration.
- 6 (2) The President's vision of returning humans
- 7 to the Moon and working toward a sustainable
- 8 human presence there and then venturing further into
- 9 the solar system provides a sustainable rationale for
- 10 the United States human space flight program.



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(3) As we enter the Second Space Age, the Na-

tional Aeronautics and Space Administration should

skilled civil service workforce at NASA's Centers.



1	(8) An important part of NASA's mission is
2	education and outreach.
3	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
6	trator" means the Administrator of the National Aer-
7	onautics and Space Administration.
8	(2) ISS.—The term "ISS" means the Inter-
9	national Space Station.
10	(3) NASA.—The term "NASA" means the Na-
11	tional Aeronautics and Space Administration.
12	TITLE I—GENERAL PRINCIPLES
13	AND REPORTS
14	SEC. 101. RESPONSIBILITIES, POLICIES, AND PLANS.
15	(a) General Responsibilities.—
16	(1) Programs.—The Administrator shall ensure
17	that NASA carries out a balanced set of programs
18	that shall include, at a minimum, programs in—
19	(A) human space flight, in accordance with
20	subsection (b);
21	(B) aeronautics research and development,
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	(B) aeronautics research and development,



1	(i) robotic missions to study planets,
2	and to deepen understanding of astronomy,
3	astrophysics, and other areas of science that
4	can be productively studied from space;
5	(ii) earth science research and research
6	on the Sun-Earth connection through the
7	development and operation of research sat-
8	ellites and other means;
9	(iii) support of university research in
10	space science and earth science; and
11	(iv) research on microgravity, includ-
12	ing research that is not directly related to
13	human exploration.
14	(2) Consultation and coordination.—In car-
15	rying out the programs of NASA, the Administrator
16	shall—
17	(A) consult and coordinate to the extent ap-
18	propriate with other relevant Federal agencies,
19	including through the National Science and
20	Technology Council;
21	(B) work closely with the private sector, in-
22	cluding by—
23	(i) encouraging the work of entre-
24	preneurs who are seeking to develop new
25	means to launch satellites, crew, or cargo;



1	(ii) contracting with the private sector
2	for crew and cargo services to the extent
3	practicable; and
4	(iii) using commercially available
5	products (including software) and services
6	to the extent practicable to support all
7	NASA activities; and
8	(C) involve other nations to the extent ap-
9	propriate.
10	(b) Vision for Space Exploration.—The Adminis-
11	trator shall manage human space flight programs to strive
12	to achieve the following goals:
13	(1) Returning Americans to the Moon no later
14	than 2020.
15	(2) Launching the Crew Exploration Vehicle as
16	close to 2010 as possible.
17	(3) Increasing knowledge of the impacts of long
18	duration stays in space on the human body using the
19	most appropriate facilities available.
20	(4) Enabling humans to land on and return
21	from Mars and other destinations on a timetable that
22	is technically and fiscally possible.
23	(c) Aeronautics.—
24	(1) In General.—The President of the United
25	States, through the Administrator, and in consulta-



1	tion with other Federal agencies, shall develop a na-
2	tional aeronautics policy to guide the aeronautics
3	programs of NASA through 2020.
4	(2) Content.—At a minimum, the national aer-
5	onautics policy shall describe for NASA—
6	(A) the priority areas of research for aero-
7	nautics through fiscal year 2011;
8	(B) the basis on which and the process by
9	which priorities for ensuing fiscal years will be
10	selected;
11	(C) the facilities and personnel needed to
12	carry out the aeronautics program through fiscal
13	year 2011; and
14	(D) the budget assumptions on which the
15	national aeronautics policy is based, which for
16	fiscal years 2006 and 2007 shall be the author-
17	ized level for aeronautics provided in title II of
18	$this\ Act.$
19	(3) Considerations.—In developing the na-
20	tional aeronautics policy, the President shall consider
21	the following issues, which shall be discussed in the
22	transmittal under paragraph (5):
23	(A) The extent to which NASA should focus
24	on long-term, high-risk research or more incre-

mental research, and the expected impact on the



1	United States aircraft and airline industries of
2	that decision.
3	(B) The extent to which NASA should ad-
4	dress military and commercial needs.
5	(C) How NASA will coordinate its aero-
6	nautics program with other Federal agencies.
7	(D) The extent to which NASA will fund
8	university research, and the expected impact of
9	that funding on the supply of United States
10	workers for the aeronautics industry.
11	(E) The extent to which the priority areas
12	of research listed pursuant to paragraph (2)(A)
13	should include the activities authorized by title
14	IV of this Act, the discussion of which shall in-
15	clude a priority ranking of all of the activities
16	authorized in title IV and an explanation for
17	that ranking.
18	(4) Consultation.—In the development of the
19	national aeronautics policy, the Administrator shall
20	consult widely with academic and industry experts
21	and with other Federal agencies. The Administrator
22	may enter into an arrangement with the National
23	Academy of Sciences to help develop the national aer-



onautics policy.

1	(5) Schedule.—The Administrator shall trans-
2	mit the national aeronautics policy to the Committee
3	on Appropriations and the Committee on Science of
4	the House of Representatives, and to the Committee
5	on Appropriations and the Committee on Commerce,
6	Science, and Transportation of the Senate, not later
7	than the date on which the President submits the pro-
8	posed budget for the Federal Government for fiscal
9	year 2007 to the Congress. The Administrator shall
10	make available to those committees any study done by
11	a nongovernmental entity that was used in the devel-
12	opment of the national aeronautics policy.
13	(d) Science.—
14	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall de-
15	velop a policy to guide the science programs of NASA
16	through 2016.
17	(2) Content.—At a minimum, the policy shall
18	describe—
19	(A) the missions NASA will initiate, design,
20	develop, launch, or operate in space science and
21	earth science through fiscal year 2016, including
22	launch dates;
23	(B) a priority ranking of all of the missions
24	listed under subparagraph (A), and the rationale
25	for the ranking;



1	(C) the budget assumptions on which the
2	policy is based, which for fiscal years 2006 and
3	2007 shall be consistent with the authorizations
4	provided in title II of this Act; and
5	(D) the facilities and personnel needed to
6	carry out the policy through fiscal year 2016.
7	(3) Considerations.—In developing the science
8	policy under this subsection, the Administrator shall
9	consider the following issues, which shall be discussed
10	in the transmittal under paragraph (6):
11	(A) What the most important scientific
12	questions in space science and earth science are.
13	(B) The relationship between NASA's space
14	and earth science activities and those of other
15	Federal agencies.
16	(4) Consultation.—In developing the policy
17	under this subsection, the Administrator shall draw
18	on decadal surveys and other reports in planetary
19	science, astronomy, solar and space physics, earth
20	science, and any other relevant fields developed by the
21	National Academy of Sciences. The Administrator
22	shall also consult widely with academic and industry
23	experts and with other Federal agencies.
24	(5) Hubble space telescope.—The policy de-
25	veloped under this subsection shall address plans for



1	a human mission to repair the Hubble Space Tele-
2	scope consistent with section 302 of this Act.
3	(6) Schedule.—The Administrator shall trans-
4	mit the policy developed under this subsection to the
5	Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
6	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
7	portation of the Senate not later than the date on
8	which the President submits the proposed budget for
9	the Federal Government for fiscal year 2007 to the
10	Congress. The Administrator shall make available to
11	those committees any study done by a nongovern-
12	mental entity that was used in the development of the
13	policy.
14	(e) Facilities.—
15	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall de-
16	velop a plan for managing NASA's facilities through
17	fiscal year 2015. The plan shall be consistent with the
18	policies and plans developed pursuant to this section.
19	(2) Content.—At a minimum, the plan shall
20	describe—
21	(A) any new facilities NASA intends to ac-
22	quire, whether through construction, purchase, or
23	lease, and the expected dates for doing so;



1	(B) any facilities NASA intends to signifi-
2	cantly modify, and the expected dates for doing
3	80;
4	(C) any facilities NASA intends to close,
5	and the expected dates for doing so;
6	(D) any transaction NASA intends to con-
7	duct to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer the own-
8	ership of a facility, and the expected dates for
9	$doing\ so;$
10	(E) how each of the actions described in
11	subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) will en-
12	hance the ability of NASA to carry out its pro-
13	grams;
14	(F) the expected costs or savings expected
15	from each of the actions described in subpara-
16	graphs (A), (B), (C), and (D);
17	(G) the priority order of the actions de-
18	scribed in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D);
19	(H) the budget assumptions of the plan,
20	which for fiscal years 2006 and 2007 shall be
21	consistent with the authorizations provided in
22	title II of this Act; and
23	(I) how facilities were evaluated in devel-
24	oping the plan.



1	(3) Schedule.—The Administrator shall trans-
2	mit the plan developed under this subsection to the
3	Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
4	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
5	portation of the Senate not later than the date on
6	which the President submits the proposed budget for
7	the Federal Government for fiscal year 2008 to the
8	Congress.
9	(f) Workforce.—
10	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall de-
11	velop a human capital strategy to ensure that NASA
12	has a workforce of the appropriate size and with the
13	appropriate skills to carry out the programs of
14	NASA, consistent with the policies and plans devel-
15	oped pursuant to this section. The strategy shall cover
16	the period through fiscal year 2011.
17	(2) Content.—The strategy shall describe, at a
18	minimum—
19	(A) any categories of employees NASA in-
20	tends to reduce, the expected size and timing of
21	those reductions, the methods NASA intends to
22	use to make the reductions, and the reasons
23	NASA no longer needs those employees;
24	(B) any categories of employees NASA in-
25	tends to increase the ernected size and timing of



1	those increases, the methods NASA intends to use
2	to recruit the additional employees, and the rea-
3	sons NASA needs those employees;
4	(C) the steps NASA will use to retain need-
5	ed employees; and
6	(D) the budget assumptions of the strategy,
7	which for fiscal years 2006 and 2007 shall be
8	consistent with the authorizations provided in
9	title II of this Act, and any expected additional
10	costs or savings from the strategy by fiscal year.
11	(3) Schedule.—The Administrator shall trans-
12	mit the strategy developed under this subsection to the
13	Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
14	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
15	portation of the Senate not later than the date on
16	which the President submits the proposed budget for
17	the Federal Government for fiscal year 2007 to the
18	Congress. At least 60 days before transmitting the
19	strategy, NASA shall provide a draft of the strategy
20	to its Federal Employee Unions for a 30-day con-
21	sultation period after which NASA shall respond in
22	writing to any written concerns provided by the
23	Unions.
24	(4) Limitation.—NASA may not initiate any
25	buyout offer or Reduction in Force until 60 days after



1	the strategy required by this subsection has been
2	transmitted to the Congress in accordance with para-
3	graph (3). NASA may not implement any Reduction
4	in Force or other involuntary separations prior to
5	October 1, 2006.
6	(g) Center Management.—
7	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall con-
8	duct a study to determine whether any of NASA's
9	centers should be operated by or with the private sec-
10	tor by converting a center to a Federally Funded Re-
11	search and Development Center or through any other
12	mechanism.
13	(2) Content.—The study shall, at a
14	minimum—
15	(A) make a recommendation for the oper-
16	ation of each center and provide reasons for that
17	recommendation; and
18	(B) describe the advantages and disadvan-
19	tages of each mode of operation considered in the
20	study.
21	(3) Considerations.—In conducting the study,
22	the Administrator shall take into consideration the
23	experiences of other relevant Federal agencies in oper-
24	ating laboratories and centers and any reports that

have reviewed the mode of operation of those labora-



1	tories and centers, as well as any reports that have
2	reviewed NASA's centers.
3	(4) Schedule.—The Administrator shall trans-
4	mit the study conducted under this subsection to the
5	Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
6	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
7	portation of the Senate not later than May 31, 2006.
8	(h) Budgets.—The proposed budget for NASA sub-
9	mitted by the President for each fiscal year shall be accom-
10	panied by documents showing—
11	(1) the budget for each element of the human
12	space flight program;
13	(2) the budget for aeronautics;
14	(3) the budget for space science;
15	(4) the budget for earth science;
16	(5) the budget for microgravity science;
17	(6) the budget for education;
18	(7) the budget for technology transfer programs,
19	(8) the budget for the Integrated Financial Man-
20	agement Program, by individual element;
21	(9) the budget for the Independent Technical Au-
22	thority, both total and by center;
23	(10) the hudget for public relations by program



1	(11) the comparable figures for at least the 2 pre-
2	vious fiscal years for each item in the proposed budg-
3	et;
4	(12) the amount of unobligated funds and unex-
5	pended funds, by appropriations account—
6	(A) that remained at the end of the fiscal
7	year prior to the fiscal year in which the budget
8	is being presented that were carried over into the
9	fiscal year in which the budget is being pre-
10	sented;
11	(B) that are estimated will remain at the
12	end of the fiscal year in which the budget is
13	being presented that are proposed to be carried
14	over into the fiscal year for which the budget is
15	being presented; and
16	(C) that are estimated will remain at the
17	end of the fiscal year for which the budget is
18	being presented; and
19	(13) the budget for safety, by program.
20	(i) General and Administrative Expenses.—
21	NASA shall make available, upon request from the Com-
22	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives or the
23	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
24	the Senate information on Cornorate and Center General



	20	
1	and Administrative Costs and Service Pool costs	,
2	including—	
3	(1) the total amount of funds being allocated for	r
4	those purposes for any fiscal year for which the Presi	-
5	dent has submitted an annual budget request to Con	-
6	gress;	
7	(2) the amount of funds being allocated for those	e
8	purposes for each center, for headquarters, and for	r
9	each directorate; and	
10	(3) the major activities included in each cost cat	-
11	egory.	
12	(j) NASA TEST FACILITIES.—	
13	(1) REVIEW.—The Director of the Office o	f
14	Science and Technology Policy shall commission as	i
15	independent review of the Nation's long-term strategic	
16	needs for test facilities and shall submit the review to	
17	the Committee on Science of the House of Representa	
18	tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and	
19	Transportation of the Senate. The review shall in	
20	clude an evaluation of the facility needs described	
21	pursuant to subsection $(c)(2)(C)$.	
22	(2) Limitation.—The Administrator shall no	ŧ
23	close or mothball any aeronautical test facilities iden	
24	tified in the 2003 independent assessment by the	

RAND Corporation, entitled "Wind Tunnel and Pro-



1	pulsion Test Facilities: An Assessment of NASA's Ca-
2	pabilities to Serve National Needs" as being part of
3	the minimum set of those facilities necessary to retain
4	and manage to serve national needs, as well as any
5	other NASA test facilities that were in use as of Jan-
6	uary 1, 2004, until the review conducted under para-
7	graph (1) has been transmitted to the Congress.
8	SEC. 102. REPORTS.
9	(a) Immediate Issues.—Not later than September
0	30, 2005, the Administrator shall transmit to the Com-
1	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives and the
2	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
3	the Senate a report on each of the following items:
4	(1) The research agenda for the ISS and its pro-
5	posed final configuration.
6	(2) The number of flights the Space Shuttle will
7	make before its retirement, the purpose of those
8	flights, and the expected date of the final flight.
9	(3) A description of the means, other than the
20	Space Shuttle, that may be used to ferry crew and
21	cargo to and from the ISS.
22	(4) A plan for the operation of the ISS in the
23	event that the Iran Nonproliferation Act of 2000 is
1	not amonded



1	(5) A description of the launch vehicle for the
2	Crew Exploration Vehicle.
3	(6) A description of any heavy lift vehicle NASA
4	intends to develop, the intended uses of that vehicle,
5	and whether the decision to develop that vehicle has
6	undergone an interagency review.
7	(7) A description of the intended purpose of
8	lunar missions and the architecture for those mis-
9	sions.
10	(8) The program goals for Project Prometheus.
11	(9) A plan for managing the cost increase for the
12	James Webb Space Telescope.
13	(b) Crew Exploration Vehicle.—The Adminis-
14	trator shall not enter into a development contract for the
15	Crew Exploration Vehicle until at least 30 days after the
16	Administrator has transmitted to the Committee on Science
17	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
18	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
19	describing—
20	(1) the expected cost of the Crew Exploration Ve-
21	hicle through fiscal year 2020, based on the specifica-
22	tions for that development contract;
23	(2) the expected budgets for each fiscal year
24	through fiscal year 2020 for human space flight, aero-
25	nautics, space science, and earth science—



1	(A) first assuming inflationary growth for
2	the budget of NASA as a whole and including
3	costs for the Crew Exploration Vehicle as pro-
4	jected under paragraph (1); and
5	(B) then assuming inflationary growth for
6	the budget of NASA as a whole and including at
7	least two cost estimates for the Crew Exploration
8	Vehicle that are higher than those projected
9	under paragraph (1), based on NASA's past ex-
10	perience with cost increases for similar pro-
11	grams, along with a description of the reasons
12	for selecting the cost estimates used for the cal-
13	culations under this subparagraph and the prob-
14	ability that the cost of the Crew Exploration Ve-
15	hicle will reach those estimated amounts; and
16	(3) the extent to which the Crew Exploration Ve-
17	hicle will allow for the escape of the crew in the event
18	of an emergency.
19	(c) Space Communications Study.—
20	(1) Study.—The Administrator shall develop a
21	plan for updating NASA's space communications ar-
22	chitecture for both low-Earth orbital operations and
23	deep space exploration so that it is capable of meeting
24	NASA's needs over the next 20 years. The plan shall

also include life-cycle cost estimates, milestones, esti-



1	mated performance capabilities, and 5-year funding
2	profiles. The plan shall also include an estimate of the
3	amounts of any reimbursements NASA is likely to re-
4	ceive from other Federal agencies during the expected
5	life of the upgrades described in the plan. The plan
6	shall include a description of the following:
7	(A) Projected Deep Space Network require-
8	ments for the next decade, including those in
9	support of human space exploration missions.
10	(B) Upgrades needed to support Deep Space
11	Network requirements.
12	(C) Cost estimates for the maintenance of
13	existing Deep Space Network capabilities.
14	(D) Cost estimates and schedules for the up-
15	grades described in subparagraph (B).
16	(2) Consultations.—The Administrator shall
17	consult with other relevant Federal agencies in devel-
18	oping the plan under this subsection.
19	(3) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit
20	the plan under this subsection to the Committee on
21	Science of the House of Representatives and the Com-
22	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
23	the Senate not later than February 17, 2007.
24	(d) Public Relations.—Not later than December 31,
25	2005, the Administrator shall transmit a plan to the Com-



- 1 mittee on Appropriations and the Committee on Science of
- 2 the House of Representatives, and to the Committee on Ap-
- 3 propriations and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 4 Transportation of the Senate, describing the activities that
- 5 will be undertaken as part of the national awareness cam-
- 6 paign required by the report of the Committee on Appro-
- 7 priations of the House of Representatives accompanying the
- 8 Science, State, Justice, Commerce, and Related Agencies
- 9 Appropriations Act, 2006, and the expected cost of those ac-
- 10 tivities. NASA may undertake activities as part of the na-
- 11 tional awareness campaign prior to the transmittal of the
- 12 plan required by this subsection, but not until 15 days after
- 13 notifying the Committee on Science of the House of Rep-
- 14 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 15 Transportation of the Senate of any activity. The plan re-
- 16 quired by this subsection shall include the estimated costs
- 17 of any activities undertaken pursuant to notice under the
- 18 preceding sentence.
- 19 (e) Joint Dark Energy Mission.—The Adminis-
- 20 trator and the Director of the Department of Energy Office
- 21 of Science shall jointly transmit to the Committee on
- 22 Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee
- 23 on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate,
- 24 not later than the date on which the President submits the
- 25 proposed budget for the Federal Government for fiscal year



- 1 2007, a report on plans for a Joint Dark Energy Mission.
- 2 The report shall include the amount of funds each agency
- 3 intends to expend on the Joint Dark Energy Mission for
- 4 each of the fiscal years 2007 through 2011, and any specific
- 5 milestones for the development and launch of the Mission.
- 6 (f) Shuttle Employee Transition.—The Adminis-
- 7 trator shall consult with other appropriate Federal agencies
- 8 and with NASA contractors and employees to develop a
- 9 transition plan for Federal and contractor personnel en-
- 10 gaged in the Space Shuttle program. The plan shall include
- 11 actions to assist Federal and contractor personnel to take
- 12 advantage of training, retraining, job placement, and relo-
- 13 cation programs, and any other actions that NASA will
- 14 take to assist the employees. The plan shall also describe
- 15 how the Administrator will ensure that NASA and its con-
- 16 tractors will have an appropriate complement of employees
- 17 to allow for the safest possible use of the Space Shuttle
- 18 through its final flight. The Administrator shall transmit
- 19 the plan to the Committee on Science of the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 21 Transportation of the Senate not later than 90 days after
- 22 the date of enactment of this Act.
- 23 (g) Office of Science and Technology Policy.—



1	(1) Study.—The Director of the Office of
2	Science and Technology Policy shall conduct a study
3	to determine—
4	(A) if any research and development pro-
5	grams of NASA are unnecessarily duplicating
6	aspects of programs of other Federal agencies;
7	and
8	(B) if any research and development pro-
9	grams of NASA are neglecting any topics of na-
10	tional interest that are related to the mission of
11	NASA.
12	(2) Report.—Not later than March 1, 2006, the
13	Director of the Office of Science and Technology Pol-
14	icy shall transmit to the Committee on Science of the
15	House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
16	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a
17	report that—
18	(A) describes the results of the study under
19	paragraph (1);
20	(B) lists the research and development pro-
21	grams of Federal agencies other than NASA that
22	were reviewed as part of the study, which shall
23	include any program supporting research and
24	development in an area related to the programs



1	of NASA, and the most recent budget figures for
2	those programs of other agencies;
3	(C) recommends any changes to the research
4	and development programs of NASA that should
5	be made to eliminate unnecessary duplication or
6	address topics of national interest; and
7	(D) describes mechanisms the Office of
8	Science and Technology Policy will use to ensure
9	adequate coordination between NASA and Fed-
10	eral agencies that operate related programs.
11	SEC. 103. BASELINES AND COST CONTROLS.
12	(a) Conditions for Development.—
13	(1) In general.—NASA shall not enter into a
14	contract for the development phase of a major pro-
15	gram unless the Administrator determines that—
16	(A) the technical, cost, and schedule risks of
17	the program are clearly identified and the pro-
18	gram has developed a plan to manage those
19	risks; and
20	(B) the program complies with all relevant
21	policies, regulations, and directives of NASA.
22	(2) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit
23	a report describing the basis for the determination re-
24	quired under paragraph (1) to the Committee on
25	Science of the House of Representatives and the Com-



	20
1	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
2	the Senate at least 30 days before entering into a con-
3	tract for development under a major program.
4	(3) Nondelegation.—The Administrator may
5	not delegate the determination requirement under this
6	subsection.
7	(b) Major Program Annual Reports.—
8	(1) Requirement.—Not later than February 15
9	of each year following the date of enactment of this
10	Act, the Administrator shall transmit to the Com-
11	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives and
12	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
13	tation of the Senate a report on each major program
14	for which NASA proposes to expend funds in the sub-
15	sequent fiscal year. Reports under this section shall be
16	known as Major Program Annual Reports.
17	(2) Baseline report.—The first Major Pro-
18	gram Annual Report for each major program shall
19	include a Baseline Report that shall, at a minimum,
20	include—
21	(A) the purposes of the program and key
22	technical characteristics necessary to fulfill those
23	purposes;
24	(B) an estimate of the life-cycle cost for the

program, with a detailed breakout of the develop-



1	ment cost and an estimate of the annual costs
2	until the development is completed;
3	(C) the schedule for the development, includ-
4	ing key program milestones; and
5	(D) the name of the person responsible for
6	making notifications under subsection (c), who
7	shall be an individual whose primary responsi-
8	bility is overseeing the program.
9	(3) Information updates.—For major pro-
10	grams with respect to which a Baseline Report has
11	been previously submitted, each subsequent Major
12	Program Annual Report shall describe any changes to
13	the information that had been provided in the Base-
14	line Report, and the reasons for those changes.
15	(c) Notification.—
16	(1) Requirement.—The individual identified
17	$under \ subsection \ (b)(2)(D) \ shall \ immediately \ notify$
18	the Administrator any time that individual has rea-
19	sonable cause to believe that, for the major program
20	for which he or she is responsible—
21	(A) the development cost of the program is
22	likely to exceed the estimate provided in the
23	Baseline Report of the program by 15 percent or
24	$more \cdot or$



1	(B) a milestone of the program is likely to
2	be delayed by 6 months or more from the date
3	provided for it in the Baseline Report of the pro-
4	gram.
5	(2) Reasons.—Not later than 7 days after the
6	notification required under paragraph (1), the indi-
7	vidual identified under subsection (b)(2)(D) shall
8	transmit to the Administrator a written notification
9	explaining the reasons for the change in the cost or
10	milestone of the program for which notification was
11	provided under paragraph (1).
12	(3) Notification of congress.—Not later
13	than 5 days after the Administrator receives a writ-
14	ten notification under paragraph (2), the Adminis-
15	trator shall transmit the notification to the Com-
16	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives and
17	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
18	tation of the Senate.
19	(d) Fifteen Percent Threshold.—Not later than
20	30 days after receiving a written notification under sub-
21	section (c)(2), the Administrator shall determine whether
22	the development cost of the program is likely to exceed the
23	estimate provided in the Baseline Report of the program
24	by 15 percent or more, or whether a milestone is likely to



1	be delayed by 6 months or more. If the determination is
2	affirmative, the Administrator shall—
3	(1) transmit to the Committee on Science of the
4	House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
5	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, not
6	later than 14 days after making the determination, a
7	report that includes—
8	(A) a description of the increase in cost or
9	delay in schedule and a detailed explanation for
10	the increase or delay;
11	(B) a description of actions taken or pro-
12	posed to be taken in response to the cost increase
13	or delay; and
14	(C) a description of any impacts the cost
15	increase or schedule delay will have on any other
16	program within NASA; and
17	(2) if the Administrator intends to continue with
18	the program, promptly initiate an analysis of the
19	program, which shall include, at a minimum—
20	(A) the projected cost and schedule for com-
21	pleting the program if current requirements of
22	the program are not modified;
23	(B) the projected cost and the schedule for
24	completing the program after instituting the ac-
25	tions described under paragraph (1)(B); and



1	(C) a description of, and the projected cost
2	and schedule for, a broad range of alternatives to
3	$the\ program.$
4	NASA shall complete an analysis initiated under para-
5	graph (2) not later than 6 months after the Administrator
6	makes a determination under this subsection. The Adminis-
7	trator shall transmit the analysis to the Committee on
8	Science of the House of Representatives and Committee on
9	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate not
10	later than 30 days after its completion.
11	(e) Thirty Percent Threshold.—If the Adminis-
12	trator determines under subsection (d) that the development
13	cost of a program will exceed the estimate provided in the
14	Baseline Report of the program by more than the lower of
15	30 percent or \$1,000,000,000, then, beginning 1 year after
16	the date the Administrator transmits a report under sub-
17	section (d)(1), the Administrator shall not expend any addi-
18	tional funds on the program, other than termination costs,
19	unless the Congress has subsequently authorized continu-
20	ation of the program by law. If the program is continued,
21	the Administrator shall submit a new Baseline Report for
22	the program no later than 90 days after the date of enact-
23	ment of the Act under which Congress has authorized con-
24	tinuation of the program.
25	(f) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—



1	(1) the term "development" means the phase of
2	a program following the formulation phase and begin-
3	ning with the approval to proceed to implementation,
4	as defined in NASA's Procedural Requirements
5	7120.5c, dated March 22, 2005;
6	(2) the term "development cost" means the total
7	of all costs, including construction of facilities and
8	civil servant costs, from the period beginning with the
9	approval to proceed to implementation through the
10	achievement of operational readiness, without regard
11	to funding source or management control, for the life
12	of the program;
13	(3) the term "life-cycle cost" means the total of
14	the direct, indirect, recurring, and nonrecurring costs,
15	including the construction of facilities and civil serv-
16	ant costs, and other related expenses incurred or esti-
17	mated to be incurred in the design, development, ver-
18	ification, production, operation, maintenance, sup-
19	port, and retirement of a program over its planned
20	lifespan, without regard to funding source or manage-
21	ment control; and
22	(4) the term "major program" means an activity
23	approved to proceed to implementation that has an

 $estimated\ life-cycle\ cost\ of\ more\ than\ \$100,000,000.$



1 SEC. 104. PRIZE AUTHORITY.

- 2 The National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42)
- 3 U.S.C. 2451, et seq.) is amended by inserting after section
- 4 313 the following new section:
- 5 "PRIZE AUTHORITY
- 6 "Sec. 314. (a) In General.—The Administration
- 7 may carry out a program to competitively award cash
- 8 prizes to stimulate innovation in basic and applied re-
- 9 search, technology development, and prototype demonstra-
- 10 tion that have the potential for application to the perform-
- 11 ance of the space and aeronautical activities of the Admin-
- 12 istration. The Administration may carry out a program
- 13 to award prizes only in conformity with this section.
- 14 "(b) Topics.—In selecting topics for prize competi-
- 15 tions, the Administrator shall consult widely both within
- 16 and outside the Federal Government, and may empanel ad-
- 17 visory committees.
- 18 "(c) ADVERTISING.—The Administrator shall widely
- 19 advertise prize competitions to encourage participation.
- 20 "(d) Requirements and Registration.—For each
- 21 prize competition, the Administrator shall publish a notice
- 22 in the Federal Register announcing the subject of the com-
- 23 petition, the rules for being eligible to participate in the
- 24 competition, the amount of the prize, and the basis on which
- 25 a winner will be selected.



1	"(e) Eligibility.—To be eligible to win a prize under
2	this section, an individual or entity—
3	"(1) shall have registered to participate in the
4	competition pursuant to any rules promulgated by
5	$the \ Administrator \ under \ subsection \ (d);$
6	"(2) shall have complied with all the require-
7	ments under this section;
8	"(3) in the case of a private entity, shall be in-
9	corporated in and maintain a primary place of busi-
10	ness in the United States, and in the case of an indi-
11	vidual, whether participating singly or in a group,
12	shall be a citizen or permanent resident of the United
13	States; and
14	"(4) shall not be a Federal entity or Federal em-
15	ployee acting within the scope of their employment.
16	"(f) Liability.—(1) Registered participants must
17	agree to assume any and all risks and waive claims against
18	the United States Government and its related entities, ex-
19	cept in the case of willful misconduct, for any injury, death,
20	damage, or loss of property, revenue, or profits, whether di-
21	rect, indirect, or consequential, arising from their partici-
22	pation in a competition, whether such injury, death, dam-
23	age, or loss arises through negligence or otherwise. For the
24	purposes of this subparagraph, the term 'related entity'
25	means a contractor or subcontractor at any tier, and a sup-



1	plier, user, customer, cooperating party, grantee, investi-
2	gator, or detailee.
3	"(2) Participants must obtain liability insurance or
4	demonstrate financial responsibility in amounts to com-
5	pensate for the maximum probable loss, as determined by
6	the Administrator, from claims by—
7	"(A) a third party for death, bodily injury, or
8	property damage, or loss resulting from an activity
9	carried out in connection with participation in a
10	competition, with the Federal Government named as
11	an additional insured under the registered partici-
12	pant's insurance policy and registered participants
13	agreeing to indemnify the Federal Government
14	against third party claims for damages arising from
15	or related to competition activities; and
16	"(B) the United States Government for damage
17	or loss to Government property resulting from such
18	an activity.
19	$\lq\lq(g)$ Judges.—For each competition, the Administra-
20	tion, either directly or through a contract under subsection
21	(h), shall assemble a panel of qualified judges from both
22	within and outside the Administration to select the winner
23	or winners of the prize competition on the basis described
24	pursuant to subsection (d). Judges for each competition



1	shall include individuals from the private sector. A judge
2	may not—
3	"(1) have personal or financial interests in, or be
4	employees, officers, directors, or agents of, any entity
5	that is a registered participant in a competition; or
6	"(2) have a familial or financial relationship
7	with an individual who is a registered participant.
8	"(h) Administering the Competition.—The Ad-
9	ministrator may enter into an agreement with a private,
10	nonprofit entity to administer the prize competition, subject
11	to the provisions of this section.
12	"(i) Funding.—(1) The Administrator may accept
13	funds from other Federal agencies and from the private sec-
14	tor for cash prizes under this section. Such funds shall not
15	increase the amount of a prize after the amount has been
16	announced pursuant to subsection (d). The Administrator
17	may not give any special consideration to any private sec-
18	tor entity in return for a donation.
19	"(2) Funds appropriated for the program under this
20	section shall remain available until expended, and may be
21	transferred, reprogrammed, or expended for other purposes
22	only after the expiration of 10 fiscal years after the fiscal
23	year for which the funds were originally appropriated. No

24 provision in this section permits obligation or payment of



- 1 funds in violation of the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C.
- 2 1341).
- 3 "(3) No prize may be announced under subsection (d)
- 4 until all the funds for that prize have been appropriated
- 5 or obligated for such purpose by a private sector source.
- 6 "(4) No prize competition under this section may offer
- 7 a prize in an amount greater than \$10,000,000 unless 30
- 8 days have elapsed after written notice has been provided
- 9 to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
- 10 and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
- 11 tation of the Senate.
- 12 "(j) Use of NASA Name and Insignia.—A registered
- 13 participant in a competition under this section may use
- 14 the Administration's name, initials, or insignia only after
- 15 prior review and written approval by the Administration.
- 16 "(k) Compliance With Existing Law.—The Federal
- 17 Government shall not, by virtue of offering or providing a
- 18 prize under this section, be responsible for compliance by
- 19 registered participants in a prize competition with Federal
- 20 law, including licensing, export control, and nonprolifera-
- 21 tion laws, and related regulations.".
- 22 SEC. 105. FOREIGN LAUNCH VEHICLES.
- 23 (a) Accord With Space Transportation Pol-
- 24 ICY.—NASA shall not launch a mission on a foreign launch



1	vehicle except in accordance with the Space Transportation
2	Policy announced by the President on December 21, 2004.
3	(b) Interagency Coordination.—NASA shall not
4	launch a mission on a foreign launch vehicle unless NASA
5	commenced the interagency coordination required by the
6	Space Transportation Policy announced by the President
7	on December 21, 2004, at least 90 days before entering into
8	a development contract for the mission.
9	(c) Application.—This section shall not apply to any
10	mission for which development has begun prior to the date
11	of enactment of this Act, including the James Webb Space
12	Telescope.
13	SEC. 106. SAFETY MANAGEMENT.
14	Section 6 of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
15	ministration Authorization Act, 1968 (42 U.S.C. 2477) is
16	amended—
17	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
18	"There is hereby";
19	(2) by striking "plans referred to it" and insert-
20	ing "plans referred to it, including evaluating the Na-
21	tional Aeronautics and Space Administration's com-
22	pliance with the return-to-flight and continue-to-fly
23	recommendations of the Columbia Accident Investiga-



tion Board,";

1	(3) by inserting "and the Congress" after "advise
2	$the \ Administrator";$
3	(4) by striking "and with respect to the ade-
4	quacy of proposed or existing safety standards and
5	shall" and inserting ", with respect to the adequacy
6	of proposed or existing safety standards, and with re-
7	spect to management and culture. The Panel shall
8	also"; and
9	(5) by adding at the end the following:
10	"(b) Annual Report.—The Panel shall submit an
11	annual report to the Administrator and to the Congress.
12	In the first annual report submitted after the date of enact-
13	ment of the National Aeronautics and Space Administra-
14	tion Authorization Act of 2005, the Panel shall include an
15	evaluation of the Administration's safety management cul-
16	ture. Each annual report shall include an evaluation of the
17	Administration's compliance with the recommendations of
18	$the\ Columbia\ Accident\ Investigation\ Board.".$
19	SEC. 107. LESSONS LEARNED AND BEST PRACTICES.
20	$(a)\ In\ General. — The\ Administrator\ shall\ provide\ an$
21	implementation plan describing NASA's approach for ob-
22	taining, implementing, and sharing lessons learned and
23	best practices for its major programs and projects not later
24	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act. The

25 implementation plan shall be updated and maintained to



- 1 ensure that it is current and consistent with the burgeoning
- 2 culture of learning and safety that is emerging at NASA.
- 3 (b) Required Content.—The implementation plan
- 4 shall contain at a minimum the lessons learned and best
- 5 practices requirements for NASA, the organizations or posi-
- 6 tions responsible for enforcement of the requirements, the
- 7 reporting structure, and the objective performance measures
- 8 indicating the effectiveness of the activity.
- 9 (c) Incentives.—The Administrator shall provide in-
- 10 centives to encourage sharing and implementation of lessons
- 11 learned and best practices by employees, projects, and pro-
- 12 grams, as well as penalties for programs and projects that
- 13 are determined not to have demonstrated use of those re-
- 14 sources.
- 15 SEC. 108. COMMERCIALIZATION PLAN.
- 16 (a) In General.—The Administrator, in consultation
- 17 with other relevant agencies, shall develop a commercializa-
- 18 tion plan to support the human missions to the Moon and
- 19 Mars, to support Low-Earth Orbit activities and Earth
- 20 science missions and applications, and to transfer science
- 21 research and technology to society. The plan shall identify
- 22 opportunities for the private sector to participate in the fu-
- 23 ture missions and activities, including opportunities for
- 24 partnership between NASA and the private sector in con-
- 25 ducting research and the development of technologies and



1	services. The plan shall include provisions for developing
2	and funding sustained university and industry partner-
3	ships to conduct commercial research and technology devel-
4	opment, to proactively translate results of space research
5	to Earth benefits, to advance United States economic inter-
6	ests, and to support the vision for exploration.
7	(b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
9	a copy of the plan to the Committee on Science of the House
10	of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
11	Science, and Transportation of the Senate.
12	SEC. 109. STUDY ON THE FEASIBILITY OF USE OF GROUND
13	SOURCE HEAT PUMPS.
13 14	SOURCE HEAT PUMPS. (a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of
14	
14	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of
14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct a feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps
14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of exist-
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of existing NASA facilities involving the installation of heating,
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of existing NASA facilities involving the installation of heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems.
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of existing NASA facilities involving the installation of heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. (b) Contents.—The study shall examine—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct of feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of existing NASA facilities involving the installation of heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. (b) Contents.—The study shall examine— (1) the life-cycle costs, including maintenance
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall conduct a feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of existing NASA facilities involving the installation of heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. (b) Contents.—The study shall examine— (1) the life-cycle costs, including maintenance costs, of the operation of such heat pumps compared



and suitability of terrain; and

1	(3) such other issues as the Administrator con-
2	siders appropriate.
3	(c) Definition.—In this section, the term "ground
4	source heat pump" means an electric-powered system that
5	uses the Earth's relatively constant temperature to provide
6	heating, cooling, or hot water.
7	TITLE II—AUTHORIZATION OF
8	APPROPRIATIONS
9	SEC. 201. STRUCTURE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS.
10	Section 313 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act
11	of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2459f) is amended to read as follows:
12	"SEC. 313. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS.
13	"Appropriations for the Administration for fiscal year
14	2007 and thereafter shall be made in four accounts,
15	'Science, Aeronautics, and Education', 'Exploration Sys-
16	tems', 'Space Operations', and an account for amounts ap-
17	propriated for the necessary expenses of the Office of the
18	Inspector General. Appropriations shall remain available
19	for two fiscal years, unless otherwise specified in law. Each
20	account shall include the planned full costs of Administra-
21	tion activities.".
22	SEC. 202. FISCAL YEAR 2006.
23	There are authorized to be appropriated to NASA for



24 fiscal year 2006 \$16,471,050,000, as follows:

1	(1) For Science, Aeronautics and Education (in-
2	cluding amounts for construction of facilities),
3	\$6,870,250,000 of which—
4	(A) \$962,000,000 shall be for Aeronautics;
5	(B) \$150,000,000 shall be for a Hubble
6	Space Telescope servicing mission; and
7	(C) \$24,000,000 shall be for the National
8	Space Grant College and Fellowship Program.
9	(2) For Exploration Systems (including amounts
10	for construction of facilities), \$3,181,100,000.
11	(3) For Space Operations (including amounts
12	for construction of facilities), \$6,387,300,000.
13	(4) For the Office of Inspector General,
14	\$32,400,000.
15	SEC. 203. FISCAL YEAR 2007.
16	There are authorized to be appropriated to NASA for
17	fiscal year 2007 \$16,962,000,000, as follows:
18	(1) For Science, Aeronautics and Education (in-
19	cluding amounts for construction of facilities),
20	\$7,331,600,000 of which—
21	(A) \$990,000,000 shall be for Aeronautics;
22	and
23	(B) \$24,000,000 shall be for the National
24	Space Grant College and Fellowship Program.



1	(2) For Exploration Systems (including amounts
2	for construction of facilities), \$3,589,200,000.
3	(3) For Space Operations (including amounts
4	for construction of facilities), \$6,007,700,000.
5	(4) For the Office of Inspector General,
6	\$33,500,000.
7	SEC. 204. ISS RESEARCH.
8	The Administrator shall allocate at least 15 percent
9	of the funds budgeted for ISS research to research that is
10	not directly related to supporting the human exploration
11	program.
12	SEC. 205. TEST FACILITIES.
13	(a) Charges.—The Administrator shall establish a
14	policy of charging users of NASA's test facilities for the
15	costs associated with their tests at a level that is competitive
16	with alternative test facilities. As a general principle,
17	NASA shall not seek to recover the full costs of the operation
18	of those facilities from the users. The Administrator shall
19	not implement a policy of seeking full cost recovery for a
20	facility until at least 30 days after transmitting a notice
21	to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
22	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
23	tation of the Senate.
24	(b) Funding Account.—The Administrator shall es-
25	tablish a funding account that shall be used for all test fa-



- 1 cilities. The account shall be sufficient to maintain the via-
- 2 bility of test facilities during periods of low utilization.
- 3 SEC. 206. PROPORTIONALITY.
- 4 If the total amount appropriated for NASA pursuant
- 5 to section 202 or 203 is less than the amount authorized
- 6 under such section, the amounts authorized under each of
- 7 the accounts specified in such section shall be reduced pro-
- 8 portionately.
- 9 SEC. 207. LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORITY.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no
- 11 amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used for
- 12 any program in excess of the amount actually authorized
- 13 for the particular program by section 202 or 203, unless
- 14 a period of 30 days has passed after the receipt, by each
- 15 such Committee, of notice given by the Administrator con-
- 16 taining a full and complete statement of the action proposed
- 17 to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon
- 18 in support of such a proposed action. NASA shall keep the
- 19 Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and
- 20 the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
- 21 of the Senate fully and currently informed with respect to
- 22 all activities and responsibilities within the jurisdiction of
- 23 those Committees.



1 SEC. 208. NOTICE OF REPROGRAMMING.

- 2 If any funds authorized by this Act are subject to a
- 3 reprogramming action that requires notice to be provided
- 4 to the Appropriations Committees of the House of Rep-
- 5 resentatives and the Senate, notice of such action shall con-
- 6 currently be provided to the Committee on Science of the
- 7 House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
- 8 Science, and Transportation of the Senate.
- 9 SEC. 209. COST OVERRUNS.
- When reprogramming funds to cover unexpected cost
- 11 growth within a program, the Administrator shall, to the
- 12 maximum extent practicable, protect funds intended for
- 13 fundamental and applied Research and Analysis.
- 14 SEC. 210. OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIONAL FUND.
- 15 Amounts appropriated pursuant to this Act may be
- 16 used, but not to exceed a total of \$35,000 in any fiscal year,
- 17 for official reception and representation expenses.
- 18 SEC. 211. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION COST CAP.
- 19 Section 202 of the National Aeronautics and Space
- 20 Administration Authorization Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 2451
- 21 note) is repealed.



TITLE III—SCIENCE 1 Subtitle A—General Provisions 2 3 SEC. 301. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS. 4 (a) In General.—Performance of each discipline in 5 the Science account of NASA shall be reviewed and assessed by the National Academy of Sciences at 5-year intervals. 7 (b) Timing.—Beginning with the first fiscal year following the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator 9 shall select at least one discipline for review under this sec-10 tion. The Administrator shall select disciplines so that all 11 disciplines will have received their first review within six fiscal years of the date of enactment of this Act. 13 (c) Reports.—Each year, beginning with the first fiscal year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Admin-15 istrator shall transmit a report to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate— 17 18 (1) setting forth in detail the results of any ex-19 ternal review under subsection (a); 20 (2) setting forth in detail actions taken by NASA 21 in response to any external review; and 22 (3) including a summary of findings and rec-23 ommendations from any other relevant external re-

views of NASA's science mission priorities and pro-



grams.

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SEC. 302. STATUS REPORT ON HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE 2 SERVICING MISSION. 3 It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has provided, 4 5 and should continue to provide, answers to profound scientific questions. In accordance with the recommendations 6 7 of the National Academy of Sciences, all appropriate efforts 8 should be expended to complete the Space Shuttle servicing 9 mission. Upon successful completion of the planned returnto-flight schedule of the Space Shuttle, the schedule for a 10 11 Space Shuttle servicing mission to the Hubble Space Telescope shall be determined, unless such a mission would com-13 promise astronaut safety. Not later than 60 days after the landing of the second Space Shuttle mission for return-toflight certification, the Administrator shall transmit to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and 17 the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation 18 of the Senate a status report on plans for a Hubble Space 19 Telescope servicing mission. 20 INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT SEC. *303*. LANDSAT-**OF** 21 NPOESS INTEGRATED MISSION. 22 (a) Assessment.—In view of the importance of ensur-23 ing continuity of Landsat data and in view of the chal-24 lenges facing the National Polar-Orbiting Environmental Satellite System program, the Administrator shall seek an independent assessment of the costs as well as the technical,



cost, and schedule risks associated with incorporating the Landsat instrument on the first National Polar-Orbiting 3 Environmental Satellite System spacecraft versus under-4 taking a dedicated Landsat data "gap-filler" mission fol-5 lowed by the incorporation of the Landsat instrument on the second National Polar-Orbiting Environmental Sat-6 ellite System spacecraft. The assessment shall also include 8 an evaluation of the budgetary requirements of each of the options under consideration. 10 (b) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit the independent assessment to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act. 14 15 SEC. 304. ASSESSMENT OF SCIENCE MISSION EXTENSIONS. 16 (a) Assessment.—The Administrator shall carry out annual termination reviews within each of the Science disciplines to assess the cost and benefits of extending the date 18 19 of the termination of data collection for those missions which are beyond their primary goals. In addition: 20



1	(2) For those missions that have an operational
2	component, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
3	Administration shall be consulted and the potential
4	benefits of instruments on missions which are beyond
5	their primary goals taken into account.
6	(b) Report.—Not later than 30 days after completing
7	the assessments required by subsection (a)(1), the Adminis-
8	trator shall transmit a report on the assessment to the Com-
9	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives and the
10	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
11	the Senate.
12	SEC. 305. MICROGRAVITY RESEARCH.
13	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall—
13 14	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall— (1) not later than 60 days after the date of en-
14	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of en-
14 15	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on
141516	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Com-
14 15 16 17	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
14 15 16 17 18	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an assessment of microgravity research
14 15 16 17 18	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an assessment of microgravity research planned for implementation aboard the ISS that in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an assessment of microgravity research planned for implementation aboard the ISS that includes the identification of research which can be per-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate an assessment of microgravity research planned for implementation aboard the ISS that includes the identification of research which can be performed in ground-based facilities and then validated

entific research in a variety of disciplines with poten-



1	tial direct national benefits and applications that can
2	advance significantly from the uniqueness of micro-
3	gravity and the space environment; and
4	(3) carry out, to the maximum extent practicable
5	basic, applied, and commercial ISS research activi-
6	ties such as molecular crystal growth, animal re-
7	search, basic fluid physics, combustion research, cel-
8	lular biotechnology, low temperature physics, and cel-
9	lular research at a level which will sustain the exist-
10	ing scientific expertise and research capabilities.
11	(b) On-Orbit Capabilities.—The Administrator
12	shall ensure that the on-orbit analytical capabilities of the
13	ISS are sufficient to support any diagnostic human re-
14	search and on-orbit characterization of molecular crystal
15	growth, cellular research, and other research that NASA be-
16	lieves is necessary to conduct, but for which NASA lacks
17	the capacity to return the materials that need to be ana-
18	lyzed to Earth.
19	(c) Assessment of Potential Scientific Uses.—
20	The Administrator shall assess further potential scientific
21	uses of the ISS for other applications, such as technology
22	development, development of manufacturing processes,
23	Earth observation and characterization, and astronomical
24	observations.



SEC. 306. COORDINATION WITH THE NATIONAL OCEANIC 2 AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION. 3 (a) Joint Working Group.—The Administrator and the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric 4 5 Administration shall appoint a Joint Working Group, which shall review and monitor missions of the two agencies 6 7 to ensure maximum coordination in the design, operation, 8 and transition of missions. The Joint Working Group shall 9 also prepare the transition plans required by subsection (c). 10 (b) Coordination Report.—Not later than February 11 15 of each year, the Under Secretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere and the Administrator shall jointly 12 13 transmit a report to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on how the earth 15 science programs of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and NASA will be coordinated during the 17 fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the report is 19 transmitted.20 (c) Coordination of Transition Planning and Re-21 PORTING.—The Administrator, in conjunction with the Ad-22 ministrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-23 ministration, shall evaluate all NASA missions for their po-24 tential operational capabilities and shall prepare transition plans for all existing and future Earth observing systems

found to have potential operational capabilities and all Na-



1	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration oper-
2	ational space-based systems.
3	(d) Limitation.—The Administrator shall not trans-
4	fer any NASA earth science mission or Earth observing sys-
5	tem to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
6	tion until the transition plan required under subsection (c)
7	has been approved by the Administrator and the Adminis-
8	trator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
9	tration and until financial resources have been identified
10	to support the transition or transfer in the President's
11	budget request for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
12	Administration.
13	Subtitle B—Remote Sensing
1314	Subtitle B—Remote Sensing SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS.
14	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS.
14 15	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle—
141516	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means
14151617	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical and cultural features on the landscape based on anal-
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical and cultural features on the landscape based on analysis of data from airborne or spaceborne platforms or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical and cultural features on the landscape based on analysis of data from airborne or spaceborne platforms or other types and sources of data;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 311. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle— (1) the term "geospatial information" means knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical and cultural features on the landscape based on analysis of data from airborne or spaceborne platforms or other types and sources of data; (2) the term "high resolution" means resolution



1	the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
2	1001(a)).
3	SEC. 312. PILOT PROJECTS TO ENCOURAGE PUBLIC SEC-
4	TOR APPLICATIONS.
5	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall establish
6	a program of grants for competitively awarded pilot
7	projects to explore the integrated use of sources of remote
8	sensing and other geospatial information to address State,
9	local, regional, and tribal agency needs.
10	(b) Preferred Projects.—In awarding grants
11	under this section, the Administrator shall give preference
12	to projects that—
13	(1) make use of commercial data sets, including
14	high resolution commercial satellite imagery and de-
15	rived satellite data products, existing public data sets
16	where commercial data sets are not available or ap-
17	plicable, or the fusion of such data sets;
18	(2) integrate multiple sources of geospatial infor-
19	mation, such as geographic information system data,
20	satellite-provided positioning data, and remotely
21	sensed data, in innovative ways;
22	(3) include funds or in-kind contributions from
23	non-Federal sources;
24	(4) involve the participation of commercial enti-
25	ties that process raw or lightly processed data, often



merging that data with other geospatial information,
to create data products that have significant value
added to the original data; and
(5) taken together demonstrate as diverse a set of
public sector applications as possible.
(c) Opportunities.—In carrying out this section, the
Administrator shall seek opportunities to assist—
(1) in the development of commercial applica-
tions potentially available from the remote sensing in-
dustry; and
(2) State, local, regional, and tribal agencies in
applying remote sensing and other geospatial infor-
mation technologies for growth management.
(d) Duration.—Assistance for a pilot project under
subsection (a) shall be provided for a period not to exceed
3 years.
(e) Report.—Each recipient of a grant under sub-
section (a) shall transmit a report to the Administrator on
the results of the pilot project within 180 days of the com-
pletion of that project.
(f) Workshop.—Each recipient of a grant under sub-
section (a) shall, not later than 180 days after the comple-
tion of the pilot project, conduct at least one workshop for
potential users to disseminate the lessons learned from the



25 pilot project as widely as feasible.

- 1 (q) Regulations.—The Administrator shall issue reg-
- 2 ulations establishing application, selection, and implemen-
- 3 tation procedures for pilot projects, and guidelines for re-
- 4 ports and workshops required by this section.

5 SEC. 313. PROGRAM EVALUATION.

- 6 (a) Advisory Committee.—The Administrator shall
- 7 establish an advisory committee, consisting of individuals
- 8 with appropriate expertise in State, local, regional, and
- 9 tribal agencies, the university research community, and the
- 10 remote sensing and other geospatial information industry,
- 11 to monitor the program established under section 312. The
- 12 advisory committee shall consult with the Federal Geo-
- 13 graphic Data Committee and other appropriate industry
- 14 representatives and organizations. Notwithstanding section
- 15 14 of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the advisory
- 16 committee established under this subsection shall remain in
- 17 effect until the termination of the program under section
- 18 312.
- 19 (b) Effectiveness Evaluation.—Not later than De-
- 20 cember 31, 2009, the Administrator shall transmit to the
- 21 Congress an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program
- 22 established under section 312 in exploring and promoting
- 23 the integrated use of sources of remote sensing and other
- 24 geospatial information to address State, local, regional, and



tribal agency needs. Such evaluation shall have been conducted by an independent entity. 3 SEC. 314. DATA AVAILABILITY. 4 The Administrator shall ensure that the results of each of the pilot projects completed under section 312 shall be retrievable through an electronic, Internet-accessible data-7 base.SEC. 315. EDUCATION. 9 The Administrator shall establish an educational out-10 reach program to increase awareness at institutions of higher education and State, local, regional, and tribal agencies of the potential applications of remote sensing and other geospatial information. Subtitle C—George E. Brown, Jr. 14 Near-Earth Object Survey 15 SEC. 321. GEORGE E. BROWN, JR. NEAR-EARTH OBJECT SUR-17 VEY. 18 (a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the "George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey Act". 19 20 (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following 21 findings: 22 (1) Near-Earth objects pose a serious and cred-

ible threat to humankind, as many scientists believe

that a major asteroid or comet was responsible for the



23

1	mass extinction of the majority of the Earth's species,
2	including the dinosaurs, nearly 65,000,000 years ago.
3	(2) Similar objects have struck the Earth or
4	passed through the Earth's atmosphere several times
5	in the Earth's history and pose a similar threat in
6	the future.
7	(3) Several such near-Earth objects have only
8	been discovered within days of the objects' closest ap-
9	proach to Earth, and recent discoveries of such large
10	objects indicate that many large near-Earth objects
11	remain undiscovered.
12	(4) The efforts taken to date by NASA for detect-
13	ing and characterizing the hazards of near-Earth ob-
14	jects are not sufficient to fully determine the threat
15	posed by such objects to cause widespread destruction
16	and loss of life.
17	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section the
18	term "near-Earth object" means an asteroid or comet with
19	a perihelion distance of less that 1.3 Astronomical Units
20	from the Sun.
21	(d) Near-Earth Object Survey.—
22	(1) Survey program.—The Administrator shall
23	plan, develop, and implement a Near-Earth Object
24	Survey program to detect, track, catalogue, and char-

 $acterize\ the\ physical\ characteristics\ of\ near-Earth\ ob-$



1	jects equal to or greater than 100 meters in diameter
2	in order to assess the threat of such near-Earth objects
3	to the Earth. It shall be the goal of the Survey pro-
4	gram to achieve 90 percent completion of its near-
5	Earth object catalogue (based on statistically pre-
6	dicted populations of near-Earth objects) within 15
7	years after the date of enactment of this Act.
8	(2) Amendments.—Section 102 of the National
9	Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451)
10	is amended—
11	(A) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
12	section (h);
13	(B) by inserting after subsection (f) the fol-
14	lowing new subsection:
15	"(g) The Congress declares that the general welfare and
16	security of the United States require that the unique com-
17	petence of the National Aeronautics and Space Administra-
18	tion be directed to detecting, tracking, cataloguing, and
19	characterizing near-Earth asteroids and comets in order to
20	provide warning and mitigation of the potential hazard of
21	such near-Earth objects to the Earth."; and
22	(C) in subsection (h), as so redesignated by
23	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking
24	"and (f)" and inserting "(f), and (g)".



1	(3) Annual Report.—The Administrator shall
2	transmit to the Congress, not later than February 28
3	of each of the next 5 years beginning after the date
4	of enactment of this Act, a report that provides the
5	following:
6	(A) A summary of all activities taken pur-
7	suant to paragraph (1) for the previous fiscal
8	year.
9	(B) A summary of expenditures for all ac-
10	tivities pursuant to paragraph (1) for the pre-
11	vious fiscal year.
12	(4) Initial Report.—The Administrator shall
13	transmit to Congress not later than 1 year after the
14	date of enactment of this Act an initial report that
15	provides the following:
16	(A) An analysis of possible alternatives that
17	NASA may employ to carry out the Survey pro-
18	gram, including ground-based and space-based
19	alternatives with technical descriptions.
20	(B) A recommended option and proposed
21	budget to carry out the Survey program pursu-
22	ant to the recommended option.
23	(C) An analysis of possible alternatives that
24	NASA could employ to divert an object on a like-

ly collision course with Earth.



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TITLE IV—AERONAUTICS

- 2 **SEC. 401. DEFINITION.**
- 3 For purposes of this title, the term "institution of high-
- 4 er education" has the meaning given that term by section
- 5 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- 6 Subtitle A—National Policy for Aer-
- 7 onautics Research and Develop-
- 8 ment
- 9 SEC. 411. POLICY.
- 10 It shall be the policy of the United States to reaffirm
- 11 the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 and its
- 12 identification of aeronautical research and development as
- 13 a core mission of NASA. Further, it shall be the policy of
- 14 the United States to promote aeronautical research and de-
- 15 velopment that will expand the capacity, ensure the safety,
- 16 and increase the efficiency of the Nation's air transpor-
- 17 tation system, promote the security of the Nation, protect
- 18 the environment, and retain the leadership of the United
- 19 States in global aviation.
- 20 Subtitle B—NASA Aeronautics
- 21 Breakthrough Research Initiatives
- 22 SEC. 421. ENVIRONMENTAL AIRCRAFT RESEARCH AND DE-
- 23 **VELOPMENT INITIATIVE.**
- 24 (a) Objective.—The Administrator may establish an
- 25 initiative with the objective of developing, and dem-



1	onstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after
2	the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable the
3	following commercial aircraft performance characteristics:
4	(1) Noise.—Noise levels on takeoff and on air-
5	port approach and landing that do not exceed ambi-
6	ent noise levels in the absence of flight operations in
7	the vicinity of airports from which such commercial
8	aircraft would normally operate.
9	(2) Energy consumption.—Twenty-five percent
10	reduction in the energy required for medium to long
11	range flights, compared to aircraft in commercial
12	service as of the date of enactment of this Act. This
13	reduction may be achieved by a combination of im-
14	provements to—
15	(A) specific fuel consumption;
16	(B) lift-to-drag ratio; and
17	(C) structural weight fraction.
18	(3) Emissions.—Nitrogen oxides on take-off and
19	landing that are reduced by 50 percent relative to
20	aircraft in commercial service as of the date of enact-
21	ment of this Act.
22	(b) Study.—
23	(1) Requirement.—The Administrator shall
24	enter into an arrangement for the National Research

Council to conduct a study to identify and quantify



1	new markets that would be created, as well as existing
2	markets that would be expanded, by the incorporation
3	of the technologies developed pursuant to this section
4	into future commercial aircraft. The study shall iden-
5	tify whether any of the performance characteristics
6	specified in subsection (a) would need to be made
7	more stringent in order to create new markets or ex-
8	pand existing markets. The National Research Coun-
9	cil shall seek input from at least the aircraft manu-
10	facturing industry, academia, and the airlines in car-
11	rying out the study.
12	(2) Report.—A report containing the results of
13	the study conducted under paragraph (1) shall be pro-
14	vided to Congress not later than 18 months after the
15	date of enactment of this Act.
16	SEC. 422. CIVIL SUPERSONIC TRANSPORT RESEARCH AND
17	DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.
18	The Administrator may establish an initiative with
19	the objective of developing, and demonstrating in a relevant
20	environment, within 20 years after the date of enactment
21	of this Act, technologies to enable overland flight of super-
22	sonic civil transport aircraft with at least the following per-
23	formance characteristics:
24	(1) Mach number of at least 1.4.
25	(2) Range of at least 4,000 nautical miles.



1	(3) Payload of at least 24 passengers.
2	(4) Noise levels on takeoff and on airport ap-
3	proach and landing that meet community noise
4	standards in place at airports from which such com-
5	mercial supersonic aircraft would normally operate
6	at the time the aircraft would enter commercial serv-
7	ice.
8	(5) Shaped sonic boom signatures sufficiently
9	low to permit overland flight over populated areas.
10	(6) Nitrogen oxide, carbon dioxide, and water
11	vapor emissions consistent with regulations likely to
12	be in effect at the time of this aircraft's introduction.
13	SEC. 423. ROTORCRAFT AND OTHER RUNWAY-INDE-
13 14	SEC. 423. ROTORCRAFT AND OTHER RUNWAY-INDE- PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE-
14	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE-
14 15	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE.
141516	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and
14151617	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the
14 15 16 17 18	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating in a relevant en-
14 15 16 17 18 19	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after the date of enactment of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable significantly safer, quieter,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable significantly safer, quieter, and more environmentally compatible operation from a
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE- VELOPMENT INITIATIVE. The Administrator may establish a rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles initiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable significantly safer, quieter, and more environmentally compatible operation from a wider range of airports under a wider range of weather con-



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Subtitle

nautics Research and Develop-

(a) Objective.—In order to ensure that the Nation

SEC. 431. FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY

NASA

Aero-

C—Other

ment Activities

BASE PROGRAM.

maintains needed capabilities in fundamental areas of 7 aeronautical research, the Administrator shall establish a program of long-term fundamental research in aeronautical sciences and technologies that is not tied to specific develop-11 ment projects. 12 (b) Assessment.—The Administrator shall enter into 13 an arrangement with the National Research Council for an assessment of the Nation's future requirements for fundamental aeronautics research and whether the Nation will have a skilled research workforce and research facilities commensurate with those requirements. The assessment shall include an identification of any projected gaps, and 18 recommendations for what steps should be taken by the Fed-20 eral Government to eliminate those gaps. 21 (c) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit the assessment, along with NASA's response to the assessment, to Congress not later than 2 years after the date of enact-24 ment of this Act.



1 SEC. 432. AIRSPACE SYSTEMS RESEARCH.

- 2 (a) Objective.—The Airspace Systems Research pro-
- 3 gram shall pursue research and development to enable revo-
- 4 lutionary improvements to and modernization of the Na-
- 5 tional Airspace System, as well as to enable the introduc-
- 6 tion of new systems for vehicles that can take advantage
- 7 of an improved, modern air transportation system.
- 8 (b) ALIGNMENT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 9 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall align the
- 10 projects of the Airspace Systems Research program so that
- 11 they directly support the objectives of the Joint Planning
- 12 and Development Office's Next Generation Air Transpor-
- 13 tation System Integrated Plan.
- 14 SEC. 433. AVIATION SAFETY AND SECURITY RESEARCH.
- 15 (a) Objective.—The Aviation Safety and Security
- 16 Research program shall pursue research and development
- 17 activities that directly address the safety and security needs
- 18 of the National Airspace System and the aircraft that fly
- 19 in it. The program shall develop prevention, intervention,
- 20 and mitigation technologies aimed at causal, contributory,
- 21 or circumstantial factors of aviation accidents.
- 22 (b) Plan.—Not later than 1 year after the date of en-
- 23 actment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit to
- 24 Congress a 5-year prioritized plan for the research to be
- 25 conducted within the Aviation Safety and Security Re-
- 26 search program. The plan shall be aligned with the objec-



- 1 tives of the Joint Planning and Development Office's Next
- 2 Generation Air Transportation System Integrated Plan.
- 3 SEC. 434. ZERO-EMISSIONS AIRCRAFT RESEARCH.
- 4 (a) Objective.—The Administrator may establish a
- 5 zero-emissions aircraft research program whose objective
- 6 shall be to develop and test concepts to enable a hydrogen
- 7 fuel cell-powered aircraft that would have no hydrocarbon
- 8 or nitrogen oxide emissions into the environment.
- 9 (b) APPROACH.—The Administrator may establish a
- 10 program of competitively awarded grants available to teams
- 11 of researchers that may include the participation of indi-
- 12 viduals from universities, industry, and government for the
- 13 conduct of this research.
- 14 SEC. 435. MARS AIRCRAFT RESEARCH.
- 15 (a) Objective.—The Administrator may establish a
- 16 Mars Aircraft project whose objective shall be to develop and
- 17 test concepts for an uncrewed aircraft that could operate
- 18 for sustained periods in the atmosphere of Mars.
- 19 (b) APPROACH.—The Administrator may establish a
- 20 program of competitively awarded grants available to teams
- 21 of researchers that may include the participation of indi-
- 22 viduals from universities, industry, and government for the
- 23 conduct of this research.



1 SEC. 436. HYPERSONICS RESEARCH.

- 2 The Administrator may establish a hypersonics re-
- 3 search program whose objective shall be to explore the
- 4 science and technology of hypersonic flight using air-breath-
- 5 ing propulsion concepts, through a mix of theoretical work,
- 6 basic and applied research, and development of flight re-
- 7 search demonstration vehicles.

8 SEC. 437. NASA AERONAUTICS SCHOLARSHIPS.

- 9 (a) Establishment.—The Administrator shall estab-
- 10 lish a program of scholarships for full-time graduate stu-
- 11 dents who are United States citizens and are enrolled in,
- 12 or have been accepted by and have indicated their intention
- 13 to enroll in, accredited Masters degree programs in aero-
- 14 nautical engineering at institutions of higher education.
- 15 Each such scholarship shall cover the costs of room, board,
- 16 tuition, and fees, and may be provided for a maximum of
- 17 2 years.
- 18 (b) Implementation.—Not later than 180 days after
- 19 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
- 20 publish regulations governing the scholarship program
- 21 under this section.
- 22 (c) Cooperative Training Opportunities.—Stu-
- 23 dents who have been awarded a scholarship under this sec-
- 24 tion shall have the opportunity for paid employment at one
- 25 of the NASA Centers engaged in aeronautics research and
- 26 development during the summer prior to the first year of



1	the student's Masters program, and between the first and
2	second year, if applicable.
3	SEC. 438. AVIATION WEATHER RESEARCH.
4	The Administrator may carry out a program of col-
5	laborative research with the National Oceanic and Atmos-
6	pheric Administration on convective weather events, with
7	the goal of significantly improving the reliability of 2-hour
8	to 6-hour aviation weather forecasts.
9	SEC. 439. ASSESSMENT OF WAKE TURBULENCE RESEARCH
10	AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
11	(a) Assessment.—The Administrator shall enter into
12	an arrangement with the National Research Council for an
13	assessment of Federal wake turbulence research and develop-
14	ment programs. The assessment shall address at least the
15	following questions:
16	(1) Are the Federal research and development
17	goals and objectives well defined?
18	(2) Are there any deficiencies in the Federal re-
19	search and development goals and objectives?
20	(3) What roles should be played by each of the
21	relevant Federal agencies, such as NASA, the Federal
22	Aviation Administration, and the National Oceanic
23	and Atmospheric Administration, in wake turbulence
24	research and development?



- 1 (b) Report.—A report containing the results of the
- 2 assessment conducted pursuant to subsection (a) shall be
- 3 provided to Congress not later than 1 year after the date
- 4 of enactment of this Act.
- 5 SEC. 440. UNIVERSITY-BASED CENTERS FOR RESEARCH ON
- 6 AVIATION TRAINING.
- 7 (a) In General.—The Administrator may award
- 8 grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia
- 9 thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on
- 10 Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with ap-
- 11 propriate NASA Centers.
- 12 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Centers shall be to
- 13 investigate the impact of new technologies and procedures,
- 14 particularly those related to the aircraft flight deck and to
- 15 the air traffic management functions, on training require-
- 16 ments for pilots and air traffic controllers.
- 17 (c) Application.—An institution of higher education
- 18 (or a consortium of such institutions) seeking funding
- 19 under this section shall submit an application to the Ad-
- 20 ministrator at such time, in such manner, and containing
- 21 such information as the Administrator may require, includ-
- 22 ing, at a minimum, a 5-year research plan.
- 23 (d) AWARD DURATION.—An award made by the Ad-
- 24 ministrator under this section shall be for a period of 5
- 25 years and may be renewed on the basis of—



1	(1) satisfactory performance in meeting the goals
2	of the research plan proposed by the Center in its ap-
3	plication under subsection (c); and
4	(2) other requirements as specified by the Ad-
5	ministrator.
6	TITLE V—HUMAN SPACE FLIGHT
7	SEC. 501. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION COMPLETION.
8	(a) Elements, Capabilities, and Configuration
9	Criteria.—The Administrator shall ensure that the ISS
10	will be able to—
11	(1) be used for a diverse range of microgravity
12	research, including fundamental, applied, and com-
13	mercial research;
14	(2) have an ability to support crew size of at
15	least 6 persons;
16	(3) support Crew Exploration Vehicle docking
17	and automated docking of cargo vehicles or modules
18	launched by either heavy-lift or commercially-devel-
19	oped launch vehicles; and
20	(4) be operated at an appropriate risk level.
21	(b) Contingency Plan.—The transportation plan to
22	support ISS shall include contingency options to ensure suf-
23	ficient logistics and on-orbit capabilities to support any po-
24	tential period during which the Space Shuttle or its follow-
25	on crew and cargo systems is unavailable, and provide suf-



1	ficient prepositioning of spares and other supplies needed
2	to accommodate any such hiatus.
3	(c) Certification.—Not later than 60 days after the
4	date of enactment of this Act, and before making any change
5	in the ISS assembly sequence in effect on the date of enact-
6	ment of this Act, the Administrator shall certify in writing
7	to the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
8	and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
9	tation of the Senate NASA's plan to meet the requirements
10	of subsections (a) and (b).
11	SEC. 502. HUMAN EXPLORATION PRIORITIES.
12	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall—
13	(1) construct an architecture and implementa-
14	tion plan for NASA's human exploration program
15	that is not critically dependent on the achievement of
16	milestones by fixed dates; and
17	(2) determine the relative priority of each of the
18	potential elements of NASA's implementation plan for
19	its human exploration program in case funding short-
20	falls or cost growth necessitate the adjustment of
21	NASA's implementation plan.
22	(b) Priorities.—Development of a Crew Exploration
23	Vehicle with a robust crew escape system, development of
24	a launch system for the Crew Exploration Vehicle, and defi-
25	nition of an overall architecture and prioritized implemen-



1	tation plan shall be the highest priorities of the human ex-
2	ploration program over the period governed by this Act.
3	SEC. 503. GAO ASSESSMENT.
4	Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment
5	of this Act, the Comptroller General shall transmit to the
6	Committee on Science of the House of Representatives and
7	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
8	of the Senate an assessment of the milestones and estimated
9	costs of the plans submitted under section $102(a)(7)$.
10	TITLE VI—OTHER PROGRAM
11	AREAS
12	Subtitle A—Space and Flight
13	Support
14	SEC. 601. ORBITAL DEBRIS.
15	The Administrator, in conjunction with the heads of
16	other Federal agencies, shall take steps to develop or acquire
17	technologies that will enable NASA to decrease the risks as-
18	sociated with orbital debris.
19	SEC. 602. SECONDARY PAYLOAD CAPABILITY.
20	The Administrator is encouraged to provide the capa-
21	bilities to support secondary payloads on United States
22	launch vehicles, including freeflyers, for satellites or sci-
23	entific payloads.



Subtitle B—Education 1 SEC. 611. INSTITUTIONS IN NASA'S MINORITY INSTITU-3 TIONS PROGRAM. 4 The matter appearing under the heading "NATIONAL" 5 AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Develop-7 ment, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2473b; 103 Stat. 863) is amended by striking 10 "Historically Black Colleges and Universities and" and in-11 serting "Historically Black Colleges and Universities that are part B institutions (as defined in section 322(2) of the 12 Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061(2))), His-13 panic-serving institutions (as defined in section 502(a)(5) of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)(5))), Tribal Colleges or 15 Universities (as defined in section 316(b)(3) of that Act (20 $U.S.C.\ 1059c(b)(3))$, Alaskan Native-serving institutions 18 (as defined in section 317(b)(2) of that Act (20 U.S.C. (1059d)(b)(2)), Native Hawaiian-serving institutions (as 20 defined in section 317(b)(4) of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b)(4)), and". 22 SEC. 612. PROGRAM TO EXPAND DISTANCE LEARNING IN 23 RURAL UNDERSERVED AREAS. 24 (a) In General.—The Administrator shall develop or

expand programs to extend science and space educational



1	outreach to rural communities and schools through video
2	conferencing, interpretive exhibits, teacher education, class-
3	room presentations, and student field trips.
4	(b) Priorities.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
5	Administrator shall give priority to existing programs—
6	(1) that utilize community-based partnerships in
7	$the\ field;$
8	(2) that build and maintain video conference
9	and exhibit capacity;
10	(3) that travel directly to rural communities and
11	serve low-income populations; and
12	(4) with a special emphasis on increasing the
13	number of women and minorities in the science and
14	engineering professions.
15	SEC. 613. CHARLES "PETE" CONRAD ASTRONOMY AWARDS.
16	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
17	$"Charles `Pete' \ Conrad\ Astronomy\ Awards\ Act".$
18	(b) Definitions.—For the purposes of this section—
19	(1) the term "amateur astronomer" means an
20	individual whose employer does not provide any
21	funding, payment, or compensation to the individual
22	for the observation of asteroids and other celestial bod-
23	ies, and does not include any individual employed as
24	a professional astronomer;



1	(2) the term "Minor Planet Center" means the
2	Minor Planet Center of the Smithsonian Astro-
3	$physical\ Observatory;$
4	(3) the term "near-Earth asteroid" means an as-
5	teroid with a perihelion distance of less than 1.3 As-
6	tronomical Units from the Sun; and
7	(4) the term "Program" means the Charles
8	"Pete" Conrad Astronomy Awards Program estab-
9	lished under subsection (c).
10	(c) Pete Conrad Astronomy Award Program.—
11	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall es-
12	tablish the Charles "Pete" Conrad Astronomy Awards
13	Program.
14	(2) AWARDS.—The Administrator shall make
15	awards under the Program based on the recommenda-
16	tions of the Minor Planet Center.
17	(3) AWARD CATEGORIES.—The Administrator
18	shall make one annual award, unless there are no eli-
19	gible discoveries or contributions, for each of the fol-
20	lowing categories:
21	(A) The amateur astronomer or group of
22	amateur astronomers who in the preceding cal-
23	endar year discovered the intrinsically brightest
24	near-Earth asteroid among the near-Earth aster-

oids that were discovered during that year by



1	amateur astronomers or groups of amateur as-
2	tronomers.
3	(B) The amateur astronomer or group of
4	amateur astronomers who made the greatest con-
5	tribution to the Minor Planet Center's mission of
6	cataloguing near-Earth asteroids during the pre-
7	ceding year.
8	(4) AWARD AMOUNT.—An award under the Pro-
9	gram shall be in the amount of \$3,000.
10	(5) Guidelines.—(A) No individual who is not
11	a citizen or permanent resident of the United States
12	at the time of his discovery or contribution may re-
13	ceive an award under this section.
14	(B) The decisions of the Administrator in mak-
15	ing awards under this section are final.
16	SEC. 614. REVIEW OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS.
17	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall enter into
18	an arrangement with the National Research Council of the
19	National Academy of Sciences to conduct a review and eval-
20	uation of NASA's science, technology, engineering, and
21	mathematics education program. The review and evalua-
22	tion shall be documented in a report to the Administrator
23	and shall include such recommendations as the National
24	Research Council determines will improve the effectiveness
25	of the program.



1	(b) Review.—The review and evaluation under sub-
2	section (a) shall include—
3	(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the over-
4	all program in meeting its defined goals and objec-
5	tives;
6	(2) an assessment of the quality and educational
7	effectiveness of the major components of the program,
8	including an evaluation of the adequacy of assessment
9	metrics and data collection requirements available for
10	determining the effectiveness of individual projects;
11	(3) an evaluation of the funding priorities in the
12	program, including a review of the funding level and
13	funding trend for each major component of the pro-
14	gram and an assessment of whether the resources
15	made available are consistent with meeting identified
16	goals and priorities; and
17	(4) a determination of the extent and the effec-
18	tiveness of coordination and collaboration between
19	NASA and other Federal agencies that sponsor
20	science, technology, engineering, and mathematics
21	education activities.
22	(c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 18 months
23	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
24	shall transmit to the Committee on Science of the House

25 of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,



1	Science, and Transportation of the Senate the report re-
2	quired under subsection (a).
3	SEC. 615. EQUAL ACCESS TO NASA'S EDUCATION PRO-
4	GRAMS.
5	The Administrator shall strive to ensure equal access
6	for minority and economically disadvantaged students to
7	NASA's Education programs. Not later than 1 year after
8	the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years there-
9	after, the Administrator shall submit a report to the Com-
10	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives and the
11	Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
12	the Senate describing the efforts by the Administrator to
13	ensure equal access for minority and economically dis-
14	advantaged students under this section, and the results of
15	such efforts.
16	TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS
17	AMENDMENTS
18	SEC. 701. RETROCESSION OF JURISDICTION.
19	The National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42
20	U.S.C. 2451 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end of
21	title III the following new section:
22	"RETROCESSION OF JURISDICTION
23	"Sec. 316. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision
24	of law, the Administrator may relinquish to a State all or
25	part of the legislative jurisdiction of the United States over



- 1 lands or interests under the control of the Administrator
- 2 in that State.
- 3 "(b) For purposes of this section, the term 'State'
- 4 means any of the several States, the District of Columbia,
- 5 the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
- 6 Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana
- 7 Islands, and any other commonwealth, territory, or posses-
- 8 sion of the United States.".

9 SEC. 702. EXTENSION OF INDEMNIFICATION.

- 10 Section 309 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act
- 11 of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 458c) is amended in subsection (f)(1)
- 12 by striking "December 31, 2002" through "September 30,
- 13 2005" and inserting, "December 31, 2010, except that the
- 14 Administrator may extend the termination date to a date
- 15 not later than September 30, 2015, if the Administrator has
- 16 entered into an arrangement with the National Academy
- 17 of Public Administration to determine the impact on pri-
- 18 vate parties and the Federal Government of eliminating
- 19 this section".

20 SEC. 703. NASA SCHOLARSHIPS.

- 21 (a) Amendments.—Section 9809 of title 5, United
- 22 States Code, is amended—
- 23 (1) in subsection (a)(2) by striking "Act." and
- 24 inserting "Act (42 U.S.C. 1885a or 1885b).";



1	(2) in subsection (c) by striking "require." and
2	inserting "require to carry out this section.";
3	(3) in subsection $(f)(1)$ by striking the last sen-
4	tence; and
5	(4) in subsection $(g)(2)$ by striking "Treasurer of
6	the" and all that follows through "by 3" and insert-
7	ing "Treasurer of the United States".
8	(b) Repeal.—The Vision 100—Century of Aviation
9	Reauthorization Act is amended by striking section 703 (42
10	U.S.C. 2473e).
11	SEC. 704. INDEPENDENT COST ANALYSIS.
12	Section 301 of the National Aeronautics and Space
13	Administration Authorization Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
14	2459g) is amended—
15	(1) by striking "Phase B" in subsection (a) and
16	$inserting\ ``implementation";$
17	(2) by striking "\$150,000,000" in subsection (a)
18	and inserting "\$250,000,000";
19	(3) by striking "Chief Financial Officer" each
20	place it appears in subsection (a) and inserting "Ad-
21	ministrator";
22	(4) by inserting "and consider" in subsection (a)
23	after "shall conduct"; and
24	(5) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
25	following:



1	"(b) Implementation Defined.—In this section, the
2	term 'implementation' means all activity in the life cycle
3	of a project after preliminary design, independent assess-
4	ment of the preliminary design, and approval to proceed
5	into implementation, including critical design, develop-
6	ment, certification, launch, operations, disposal of assets,
7	and, for technology programs, development, testing, anal-
8	ysis and communication of the results.".
9	SEC. 705. LIMITATIONS ON OFF-SHORE PERFORMANCE OF
10	CONTRACTS FOR THE PROCUREMENT OF
11	GOODS AND SERVICES.
12	(a) Conversions to Contractor Performance of
13	Administration Activities.—Except as provided in sub-
14	section (c), an activity or function of the Administration
15	that is converted to contractor performance under Office of
16	Management and Budget Circular A-76 may not be per-
17	formed by the contractor or any subcontractor at a location
18	outside the United States.
19	(b) Contracts for the Procurement of Serv-
20	ICES.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (c), a contract
21	for the procurement of goods or services that is entered into
22	by the Administrator may not be performed outside the
23	United States unless it is to meet a requirement of the Ad-
24	ministration for goods or services specifically at a location



25 outside the United States.

- 1 (2) The President may waive the prohibition in para-
- 2 graph (1) in the case of any contract for which the Presi-
- 3 dent determines in writing that it is necessary in the na-
- 4 tional security interests of the United States for goods or
- 5 services under the contract to be performed outside the
- 6 United States.
- 7 (3) The Administrator may waive the prohibition in
- 8 paragraph (1) in the case of any contract for which the
- 9 Administrator determines in writing that essential goods
- 10 or services under the contract are only available from a
- 11 source outside the United States.
- 12 (c) Exception.—Subsections (a) and (b)(1) shall not
- 13 apply to the extent that the activity or function under the
- 14 contract was previously performed by Federal Government
- 15 employees outside the United States.
- 16 (d) Consistency With International Agree-
- 17 Ments.—The provisions of this section shall not apply to
- 18 the extent that they are inconsistent with obligations of the
- 19 United States under international agreements.
- 20 (e) Annual Report.—The Administrator shall sub-
- 21 mit to Congress, not later than 120 days after the end of
- 22 each fiscal year, a report on the contracts performed over-
- 23 seas and amount of purchases by NASA from foreign enti-
- 24 ties in that fiscal year. Such report shall separately indicate
- 25 the dollar value of contracts for which the provisions of this



1	section were waived and the dollar value of items for which
2	the Buy American Act was waived pursuant to obligations
3	of the United States under international agreements.
4	TITLE VIII—INDEPENDENT
5	COMMISSIONS
6	SEC. 1. DEFINITIONS.
7	For purposes of this title—
8	(1) the term "Commission" means a Commission
9	established under this title; and
10	(2) the term "incident" means either an accident
11	or a deliberate act.
12	Subtitle A—International Space
13	Station Independent Safety Com-
14	mission
15	SEC. 811. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
16	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
17	an independent, nonpartisan Commission within the execu-
18	tive branch to discover and assess any vulnerabilities of the
19	International Space Station that could lead to its destruc-
20	tion, compromise the health of its crew, or necessitate its
21	premature abandonment.
22	(b) Deadline for Establishment.—The President
23	shall issue an executive order establishing a Commission
24	within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.



SEC. 812. TASKS OF THE COMMISSION. 2 The Commission established under section 811 shall, 3 to the extent possible, undertake the following tasks: 4 (1) Catalog threats to and vulnerabilities of the 5 ISS, including design flaws, natural phenomena, 6 computer software or hardware flaws, sabotage or ter-7 rorist attack, number of crewmembers, and inability 8 to adequately deliver replacement parts and supplies, 9 and management or procedural deficiencies. 10 (2) Make recommendations for corrective actions. 11 (3) Provide any additional findings or rec-12 ommendations related to ISS safety. 13 (4) Prepare a report to Congress, the President, 14 and the public. 15 SEC. 813. SUNSET. 16 The Commission established under this subtitle shall expire not later than one year after the date on which the 17 full Commission membership is appointed. Subtitle B—Human Space Flight Independent Investigation Com-20 mission 21 SEC. 821. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION. 23 (a) Establishment.—The President shall establish an independent, nonpartisan Commission within the executive branch to investigate any incident that results in the



26 *loss of*—

1	(1) a Space Shuttle;
2	(2) the International Space Station or its oper-
3	$ational\ viability;$
4	(3) any other United States space vehicle car-
5	rying humans that is being used pursuant to a con-
6	tract with the Federal Government; or
7	(4) a crew member or passenger of any space ve-
8	hicle described in this subsection.
9	(b) Deadline for Establishment.—The President
10	shall issue an executive order establishing a Commission
11	within 7 days after an incident specified in subsection (a).
12	SEC. 822. TASKS OF THE COMMISSION.
13	A Commission established pursuant to this subtitle
14	shall, to the extent possible, undertake the following tasks.
15	(1) Investigate the incident.
16	(2) Determine the cause of the incident.
17	(3) Identify all contributing factors to the cause
18	of the incident.
19	(4) Make recommendations for corrective actions.
20	(5) Provide any additional findings or rec-
21	ommendations deemed by the Commission to be im-
22	portant, whether or not they are related to the specific
23	incident under investigation.
24	(6) Prepare a report to Congress, the President,
25	and the public.



Subtitle C—Organization and 1 **Operation of Commissions** 2 SEC. 831. COMPOSITION OF COMMISSIONS. 4 (a) Number of Commissioners.—A Commission established pursuant to this title shall consist of 15 members. 5 6 (b) Selection.—The members of a Commission shall be chosen in the following manner: 7 8 (1) The President shall appoint the members, 9 and shall designate the Chairman and Vice Chairman 10 of the Commission from among its members. 11 (2) Four of the 15 members appointed by the 12 President shall be selected by the President in the fol-13 lowing manner: 14 (A) The majority leader of the Senate, the minority leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the 15 16 House of Representatives, and the minority lead-17 er of the House of Representatives shall each pro-18 vide to the President a list of candidates for 19 membership on the Commission. 20 (B) The President shall select one of the 21 candidates from each of the 4 lists for member-22 ship on the Commission. 23 (3) In the case of a Commission established

under subtitle A, the President shall select one can-

didate from a list of candidates for membership on



24

1	the Commission provided by the President of the col-
2	lective-bargaining organization including the largest
3	member of NASA engineers.
4	(4) No officer or employee of the Federal Govern-
5	ment shall serve as a member of the Commission.
6	(5) No member of the Commission shall have, or
7	have pending, a contractual relationship with NASA.
8	(6) The President shall not appoint any indi-
9	vidual as a member of a Commission under this sec-
10	tion who has a current or former relationship with
11	the Administrator that the President determines
12	would constitute a conflict of interest.
13	(7) To the extent practicable, the President shall
14	ensure that the members of the Commission include
15	some individuals with experience relative to human
16	carrying spacecraft, as well as some individuals with
17	investigative experience and some individuals with
18	legal experience.
19	(8) To the extent practicable, the President shall
20	seek diversity in the membership of the Commission.
21	(9) The President may waive the prohibitions in
22	paragraphs (5) and (6) with respect to the selection
23	of not more than 2 members of a Commission estab-



lished under subtitle A.

1	(c) Deadline for Appointment.—All members of a
2	Commission established under subtitle A shall be appointed
3	no later than 60 days after issuance of the executive order
4	establishing the Commission. All members of a Commission
5	established under subtitle B shall be appointed no later than
6	30 days after the incident.
7	(d) Initial Meeting.—A Commission shall meet and
8	begin operations as soon as practicable.
9	(e) Quorum; Vacancies.—After its initial meeting, a
10	Commission shall meet upon the call of the Chairman or
11	a majority of its members. Eight members of a Commission
12	shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in a Commission
13	shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same
14	manner in which the original appointment was made.
15	SEC. 832. POWERS OF COMMISSION.
16	(a) Hearings and Evidence.—A Commission or, on
17	the authority of the Commission, any subcommittee or
18	member thereof, may, for the purpose of carrying out this
19	title—
20	(1) hold such hearings and sit and act at such
21	times and places, take such testimony, receive such
22	evidence, administer such oaths; and
23	(2) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attend-
24	ance and testimony of such witnesses and the produc-



1	tion of such books, records, correspondence, memo-
2	randa, papers, and documents,
3	as the Commission or such designated subcommittee or des
4	ignated member may determine advisable.
5	(b) Contracting.—A Commission may, to such exten
6	and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation
7	Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to dis-
8	charge its duties under this title.
9	(c) Information From Federal Agencies.—
10	(1) In general.—A Commission may secure di
11	rectly from any executive department, bureau, agency
12	board, commission, office, independent establishment
13	or instrumentality of the Government, information
14	suggestions, estimates, and statistics for the purposes
15	of this title. Each department, bureau, agency, board
16	commission, office, independent establishment, or in
17	strumentality shall, to the extent authorized by law
18	furnish such information, suggestions, estimates, and
19	statistics directly to the Commission, upon reques
20	made by the Chairman, the chairman of any sub-
21	committee created by a majority of the Commission
22	or any member designated by a majority of the Com
23	mission.
24	(2) Receipt, handling, storage, and dis-
25	SEMINATION —Information shall only be received



1	handled, stored, and disseminated by members of the
2	Commission and its staff consistent with all applica-
3	ble statutes, regulations, and Executive orders.
4	(d) Assistance From Federal Agencies.—
5	(1) General services administration.—The
6	Administrator of General Services shall provide to a
7	Commission on a reimbursable basis administrative
8	support and other services for the performance of the
9	Commission's tasks.
10	(2) Other departments and agencies.—In
11	addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph
12	(1), departments and agencies of the United States
13	may provide to the Commission such services, funds,
14	facilities, staff, and other support services as they
15	may determine advisable and as may be authorized
16	by law.
17	(3) NASA Engineering and Safety Center.—
18	The NASA Engineering and Safety Center shall pro-
19	vide data and technical support as requested by a
20	Commission.
21	SEC. 833. PUBLIC MEETINGS, INFORMATION, AND HEAR-
22	INGS.
23	(a) Public Meetings and Release of Public Ver-
24	SIONS OF REPORTS —A Commission shall—



1	(1) hold public hearings and meetings to the ex-
2	tent appropriate; and
3	(2) release public versions of the reports required
4	under this Act.
5	(b) Public Hearings.—Any public hearings of a
6	Commission shall be conducted in a manner consistent with
7	the protection of information provided to or developed for
8	or by the Commission as required by any applicable statute,
9	regulation, or Executive order.
10	SEC. 834. STAFF OF COMMISSION.
11	(a) Appointment and Compensation.—The Chair-
12	man, in consultation with Vice Chairman, in accordance
13	with rules agreed upon by a Commission, may appoint and
14	fix the compensation of a staff director and such other per-
15	sonnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to
16	carry out its functions.
17	(b) Detailees.—Any Federal Government employee,
18	except for an employee of NASA, may be detailed to a Com-
19	mission without reimbursement from the Commission, and
20	such detailee shall retain the rights, status, and privileges
21	of his or her regular employment without interruption.
22	(c) Consultant Services.—A Commission may pro-
23	cure the services of experts and consultants in accordance
24	with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but at rates
25	not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occupying a posi-



- 1 tion at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section
- 2 5315 of title 5, United States Code. Any consultant or ex-
- 3 pert whose services are procured under this subsection shall
- 4 disclose any contract or association it has with NASA or
- 5 any NASA contractor.
- 6 SEC. 835. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.
- 7 (a) Compensation.—Each member of a Commission
- 8 may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent
- 9 of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position at
- 10 level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title
- 11 5, United States Code, for each day during which that mem-
- 12 ber is engaged in the actual performance of the duties of
- 13 the Commission.
- 14 (b) Travel Expenses.—While away from their
- 15 homes or regular places of business in the performance of
- 16 services for the Commission, members of a Commission shall
- 17 be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of
- 18 subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed inter-
- 19 mittently in the Government service are allowed expenses
- 20 under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States Code.
- 21 SEC. 836. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEM-
- 22 BERS AND STAFF.
- 23 The appropriate Federal agencies or departments shall
- 24 cooperate with a Commission in expeditiously providing to
- 25 the Commission members and staff appropriate security



1	clearances to the extent possible pursuant to existing proce-
2	dures and requirements. No person shall be provided with
3	access to classified information under this title without the
4	appropriate security clearances.
5	SEC. 837. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND TERMINATION.
6	(a) Interim Reports.—A Commission may submit
7	to the President and Congress interim reports containing
8	such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for correc-
9	tive actions as have been agreed to by a majority of Com-
10	mission members.
11	(b) Final Report.—A Commission shall submit to
12	the President and Congress, and make concurrently avail-
13	able to the public, a final report containing such findings,
14	conclusions, and recommendations for corrective actions as
15	have been agreed to by a majority of Commission members.
16	Such report shall include any minority views or opinions
17	not reflected in the majority report.
18	(c) Termination.—
19	(1) In general.—A Commission, and all the
20	authorities of this title with respect to that Commis-
21	sion, shall terminate 60 days after the date on which
22	the final report is submitted under subsection (b).
23	(2) Administrative activities before termi-
24	NATION.—A Commission may use the 60-day period

referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of con-



- 1 cluding its activities, including providing testimony
- 2 to committees of Congress concerning its reports and
- 3 disseminating the final report.



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Union Calendar No.

109TH CONGRESS H. R. 3070
IST SESSION [Report No. 109-]

A BILL

To reauthorize the human space flight, aeronautics, and science programs of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.